



# Updates from Poland

ASSW 2023

FARO Annual Meeting, Vienna 17 February 2023

Presented by Piotr Glowacki



# **Current Polish infrastructure in the Arctic**

- Polish Polar Station in Hornsund at Svalbard (operating all year round since 1978)
- Research vessel OCEANIA (operating around Svalbard seas June-August since 1987)
- Scientific-Training vessel HORYZONT II (operating in Svalbard seas June-September since 2000)
- Adam Mickiewicz University Polar Station in Petuniabukta (seasonal station June-September since 2015)
- Nicolaus Kopernicus University Polar Station in Kaffioyra (seasonal station May-September since 1975)
- University of Wroclaw Polar Station BARANOWKA (seasonal station May-October since 1971)



## **Polish Polar Station Hornsund in 2022**

- Winter crew 9
- Technical staff 6 persons (June Septemper)
- 13 research groups spent 1110 person-days
- Polish scientists 31 persons
- Forein scientists 24 persons

(Czech Republik, France, Finland, India, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Pakistan, Switzerland, UK, USA)

Seasonal station at Kaffiøyra (Oscar II Land) owner: Nicolaus Copernicus University in Torun

15 June – 15 September 2022 13 scientists from Poland, 3 from Norway, 10 from Taiwan

Changes of cryosphere, glaciology, hydrology, geomorphology, seismology, biology

Leader: Ireneusz Sobota

# Seasonal station BARANOWKA (Wedel Jarlsberg Land) owner: University of Wroclaw

2 weeks in July 2022 2 scientists from Poland

Cryology research Leader: Marek Kasprzak Old Calypsobyen Cabin - Researchfjorden, Bellsund, (used by Marie Curie-Sklodowska University in Lublin)

XXX Polar Expeddition to Calypsobyen

17 June – 1 September 2022 21 scientists from Poland

Climatology, permafrost geomorfology, dynamics of the coastal zone

Leader: Piotr Zagórski

Seasonal station in Petuniabukta owner: Adam Mickiewicz University in Poznan

**Billefjorden:** 39 scientists from Poland + 1 from Nederland/Swiss 1 from Brazil, 2 form Czech Republik, 3 from Estonia

15 June – 31 August 2022

Interdisciplinary scientific research focusing on monitoring of the natural environment,

Leader: Krzysztof Rymer

# Scientific - training vessel Horyzont II on Svalbard in 2022

First trip (6 – 28 June) at Svalbard 14 - 20 June

16 crew20 students21 members from expeditions

Second trip (22 August – 20 September) at Svalbard 30 August - 6 September

16 crew17 students12 members from expedition

# s/y OCEANIA AREX 2022

Svalbard 15 June - 15 September Crew 14 persons + 5 scientific groups (57 scientists from Poland and 2 from USA and, Italy, + 1 from Norway, Vietnam, Sri Lanca and India)



Cruise coordinator: Dr. Agnieszka Beszczyńska- Moller

Several international, Norwegian and Polish research projects covering all disciplines of basic marine science. Additionally land based teams at Hornsund, Isfjorden and Kongsfjorden cooperating with OCEANIA.



Figure 1. Distribution of CTD stations during the open ocean part of the AREX 2020 cruise.

# **Other Polish activity at Svalbard in summer 2022**

## **Bear Island**

2 - 25 July

6 Polish scientists (2 ornithology + 4 divers)

University of Gdansk Leader – Dr. Katarzyna Zmudczyńska-Skarbek

## **Nordaustlandet**

(Murchisonfjorden, Wahlenbergfjorden, Sorgfjorden, Lomfjorden)

1 – 22 September

3 Polish scientists + 1 from UK) Institute of Geophysics PAS Leader – Prof. Krzysztof Michalski

## North Spitsbergen (Northern Andreland)

## 2 weeks in August

• 1 researcher from UWr and 6 researchers from Germany, Netherlands, Canada, Czechia, Norway

Spitsbergen (Bellsund and VanMijenfjorden)

#### **10-day cruise in August**

• 2 researchers from Uwr and 3 partners from Czechia

Uniwersity of Wroclaw Leader – Dr Mateusz Strzelecki

## South Spitsbergen (Brepolen)

## Four 10-day cruises in June, July, August, and September

- 7 researchers in each fieldwork.
- Cooperation with 4 scientists from Italy and 1 from Finland and USA

Institute of Oceanology PAS Leader – Dr Agata Zaborska

# **Other Polish activity in the Arctic in summer 2022**



## **Greenland**

June, July September 3 Polish scientists + 1 from Australia + 1 from India Institute of Geophysics PAS Leader – Prof. Monika Kusiak





# **Greenland 2022**

**3. Icecap** 21-29.07 car





1. Aasivik camp 22.06-7.07 helicopter





New investments and development of the observation network in Svalbard

# CRIOS – Cryosphere Integrated Observatory Network on Svalbard

Principle Investigator:

Michał Laska, University of Silesia / Centre for Polar Studies; michal.laska@us.edu.pl

Project budget: 1 271 625 EUR

Project duration: 18 months (until 30<sup>th</sup> April 2024)



Liechtenstein Norway **Norway** grants grants

# **Partners from Polish Polar Cansortium**

- <u>University of Silesia in Katowice (UoS) / Centre for Polar Studies (CSP) Leader</u>
- Institute of Geophysics Polish Academy of Sciences (IG PAS)
- University of Wrocław (UWr)
- Nicolaus Copernicus University in Toruń (NCU)
- Maria Curie-Skłodowska University in Lublin (UMCS)
- Adam Mickiewicz University (AMU)
- Warsaw University of Technology (WUT)



# **Norwegian Partners**

- <u>Svalbard Integrated Arctic Earth Observing System Knowledge Centre (SIOS-KC) Norwegian</u> <u>Leading Partner</u>
- The Norwegian Polar Institute (NPI)
- The University Centre in Svalbard(UNIS)
- The Norwegian Meteorological Institute (MET.NO)



# **Objectives**

- 1) Create the cal/val system for indirect research, eg. remote sensing, ground penetrating radar survey, others.
- 2) Modernise and expand an automated monitoring network focused on the cryosphere of Spitsbergen.
- 3) Harmonise and expand the monitoring systems in Hornsund, Longyearbyen and Ny-Ålesund (level I stations). Equipping all Research Infrastructures operated by Polish Research units (level II stations) with the newest cryosphere monitoring technologies.
- 4) Choose existing or develop standardised measurement protocols during joint workshops and training sessions based on the SIOS Core Data process.
- 5) Real-time data transfer to the open repositories, following the FAIR principles, for researchers and policymakers.

# **Study sites**

## Location of the monitoring sites

Level I (red triangles): NyA – Ny-Ålesund, LYR - Longyearbyen, HOR – Hornsund.

## Level II (blue triangles):

**KAF/WDR** and Waldemarbreen, PTN/SVN and Svenbreen, Petuniabukta CLP/RND and Renardbreen, **ELV/WRN** and Werenskioldbreen.

- Kaffiøyra
- Calypsobyen
  - Elveflya



## **Meteorological monitoring**

#### **Eddy Covariance Towers**



#### LI-COR 7200

High-speed CO<sub>2</sub> and water vapor gas exchange measurements in air using infrared spectroscopy

#### Measuring: CO<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub>O fluxes CH<sub>4</sub> fluxes

Hornsund – maintained by the IG PAS
Longyearbyen – maintained by the UNIS

#### **Automatic Weather Stations**



#### DataGarrison Satellite Stations with Onset HOBO® Smart Sensors

#### Measuring:

- Air temperature
- Relative humidity
- Wind speed and direction
- Solar radiation
- Atmospheric pressure

Worldwide Satellite Coverage by the Iridium Network

## Glacier and snow monitoring

Glacier mass loss (ablation) and accumulation stations

# aphotonicsensors.com

**SPICE** *A2 Photonic Sensors* Temperature-compensated acoustic snow gauge

#### Measuring:

- Snow depth
- Air temperature
- Relative humidity
- Atmospheric pressure

Local storage SD card and wireless communication LoRaWAN

## **Permafrost monitoring**



Temperature strings with loggers to monitor the ground thermal state, with storage and wireless transmission of data

Up to 10m borehole drilling

## **Remote sensing-based monitoring**











# CRIOS activities in 2023 and 2024



Travel grants (5x) for UNIS courses dedicated to outstanding MSc and PhD students



# THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION