

OMMITTEE ON POLAR RESEARCH

LISH ACADEMY OF SCIENCES



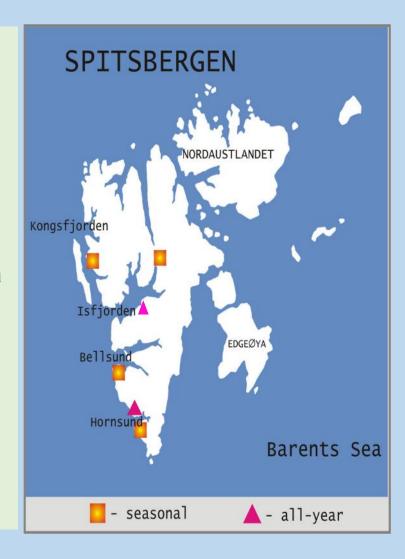
Updates from Poland

ASSW 2025
FARO Annual Meeting, Boulder,
20 March 2025

Presented by Piotr Głowacki & Dariusz Ignatiuk

Current Polish infrastructure in the Arctic

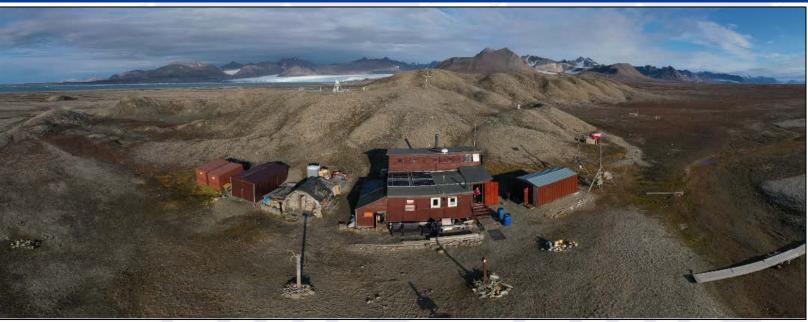
- Polish Polar Station in Hornsund at Svalbard (operating all year round since 1978)
- Research vessel OCEANIA (operating around Svalbard seas June-August since 1987)
- Scientific-Training vessel HORYZONT II (operating in Svalbard seas June-September since 2000)
- Adam Mickiewicz University Polar Station in Petuniabukta (seasonal station June-September since 2015)
- Nicolaus Kopernicus University Polar Station in Kaffioyra (seasonal station May-September since 1975)
- University of Wroclaw Polar Station BARANOWKA (seasonal station May-October since 1971)
- BERA Logistics and Research Centre Svalbard (operating all year round with SIOS support since 2023)



Polish Polar Station Hornsund in 2024 • Winter crew – 8 Technical staff – 6 persons (June - Septemper) • 26 research groups - spent 1261person-days Polish scientists – 64 persons Foreign scientists - 29 persons (Belgium, Czech Republik, Finland, France, India, Italy, Norway, Switzerland, UK, USA)

Seasonal station at Kaffiøyra (Oscar II Land)





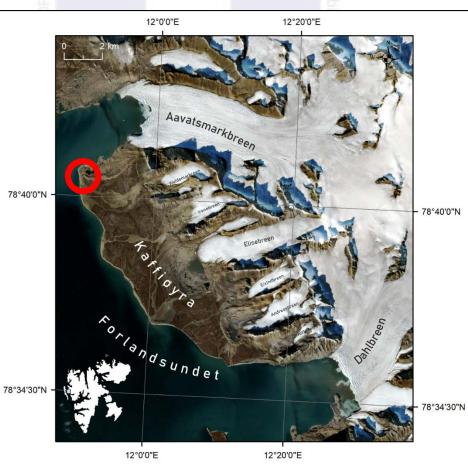
Leader: Prof. Ireneusz Sobota

Main Research Disciplines

- Earth Sciences
- Glaciological Monitoring
- Hydrological Monitoring
- Meteorological Monitoring
- Permafrost Monitoring



15 June – 15 September 2024



6 scientists from Poland, 4 from Norway, 13 from Taiwan

Seasonal station BARANOWKA (Wedel Jarlsberg Land)

owner: University of Wroclaw

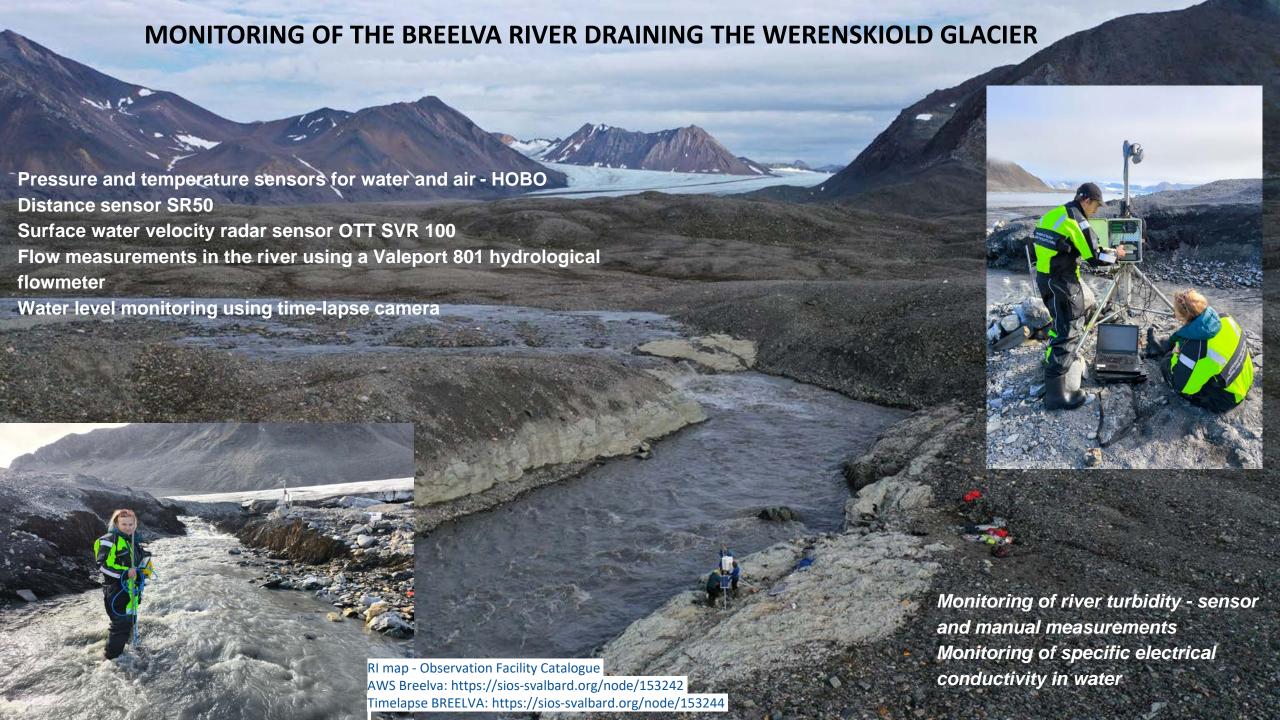


Leader: Prof. Piotr Owczarek

Mapping Arctic shrubs
ecosystems under the umbrella
of Spatio-temporal patterns in
Arctic tundra greening and
browning - identification of key
environmental factors

Leader: Dr. Elżbieta Łepkowska

Investigate short-term changes in polar environment parameters, the water and sediment cycle (Werenskioldbreen)



Old Calypsobyen Cabin - Researchfjorden, Bellsund, (used by Marie Curie-Sklodowska University in Lublin) **XXXII Polar Expeddition to Calypsobyen** 11 July - 8 August 2024 10 scientists from Poland Climatology, glaciology and permafrost, ornitology Leader: Dr hab. Paweł Mergo



Billefjorden: 21 scientists from Poland + 10 from UNIS 1 form Czech Republik, 3 from Estonia

1 July – 5 September 2024

Interdisciplinary scientific research focusing on monitoring of natural environment, biology, and chemistry

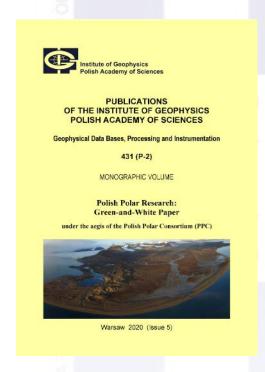
Leader: Dr. Krzysztof Rymer





MOTIVATION:

Infrastructure has been developed as a result of years of efforts by the Polish polar community to harmonise logistical and scientific research activities based on the Longyearbyen (Svalbard).

























The BERA centre was established under the auspices of the Centre for Polar Studies.

Seven Polish Partners in the BERA Centre Agreement (with delegates):

- 1 The University of Silesia in Katowice (Dariusz Ignatiuk)
- 2 The Institute of Oceanology Polish Academy of Sciences, Sopot (Wojciech Moskal)
- 3 The Institute of Geophysics Polish Academy of Sciences, Warszawa (Mateusz Moskalik)
- 4 The Nicolas Copernicus University in Toruń (Ireneusz Sobota)
- 5 The Maria Curie-Skłodowska University in Lublin (Sławomir Terpiłowski)
- 6 The University of Wrocław (Mateusz Strzelecki)
- 7 The Adam Mickiewicz University in Poznań (Krzysztof Rymer)



Wojciech Moskal

Institute of Oceanology



Mateusz Moskalik



Ireneusz Sobota



Sławomir Terpiłowski



Mateusz Strzelecki



Dariusz Ignatiuk



Manager of BERA: Katarzyna Stachniak



Krzysztof Rymer



















Logo visualization

Location: Hotellneset 22/537, 9171 Longyearbyen, Svalbard (coal coast; offshore zone)

The BERA Centre will improve logistics and research activities, save money, develop cooperation with international partners and open up new research horizons. In order to reduce carbon and microplastic emissions, efforts will be made to ensure that the implemented solutions are as environmentally friendly as possible (solar panels, electric vehicles, limiting the transport of equipment to the mainland). An important element of this infrastructure is cooperation with doctoral schools as well as the education and development of young academic staff.



















Present infrastructure



Main building









Infrastructure characteristics:

- (1) BERA building:
- Workshop, dryroom, garage (approx. 50 m²)
- First floor: conference room, meeting place, work space (Starlink)
- (2) two containers close to BERA
- (3) storage in the centre of Longyearbyen (approx. 130 m²)

Additional storage space























polar research operation centre

storage and reloading facility for polish expeditions national and international networking

branch meeting place administrative space multidisciplinary cooperatic

education and lecture space field laboratory

reducing environmental impact













The planned and ongoing activities within the BERA Centre can be divided into three main tasks:

- Supporting the logistics of material transport from Poland to Spitsbergen and back, cargo storage, and providing workshop facilities.
- Supporting education and networking by providing avenues for organising scientific workshops and professional meetings.
- Provide assistance with ongoing environmental monitoring, field research activities, and offering access to research infrastructure.





















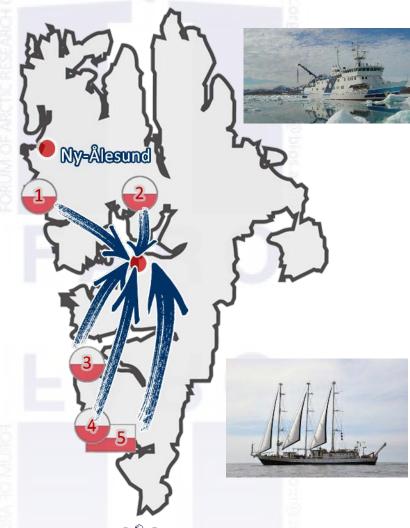
Plans of development and cooperation:

- Part of the SIOS infrastructure from 2025
- Close cooperation with UNIS and NPI
- Cooperation with international partners
- Services for the research community
- Monitoring
- Workshops and trainings























s/y OCEANIA AREX 2024

Svalbard 15 June - 15 September Crew 14 persons + 5 scientific groups (40 scientists from Poland, USA, Finland, Italy, Norway and Taiwan)

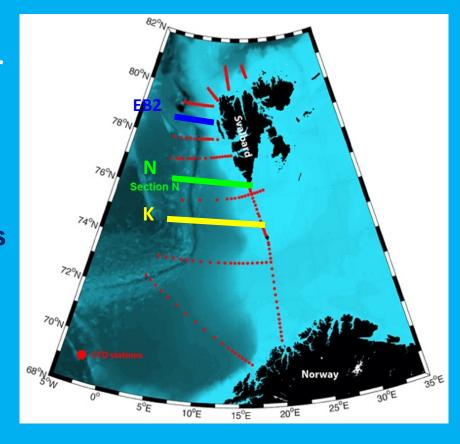


Cruise coordinator:
Dr. Agnieszka Beszczynska-Möller

Several international, Norwegian and Polish research projects covering all disciplines of basic marine science.

Long time series of physical variables for ocean climate change.

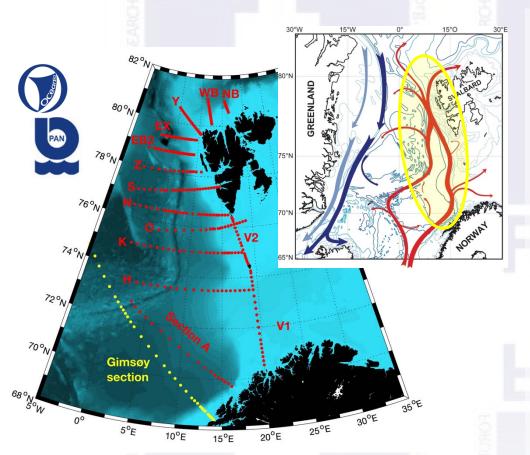
Additionally land based teams at Hornsund, Isfjorden and Kongsfjorden cooperating with OCEANIA.



Long-term large scale Arctic monitoring program AREX 1987-2024 (ongoing)







Since 2017 the Norwegian Gimsøy section (data courtesy Kjell-Arne Mørk, IMR) replaced the IOPAN section A

- Annually repeated summer campaigns (June-September) AREX Arctic Experiments of the IOPAN research vessel RV Oceania (shiptime about 90 days)
- 38 AREX expeditions in 1987-2024, covering the main regions of the Atlantic inflow to the Arctic Ocean (eastern Norwegian and Greenland seas, Barents Sea Opening, Fram Strait, SW Nansen Basin, west Spitsbergen fjords (Hornsund, Kongsfjorden, Isfjorden, less regularly other fjords)
- Oceanographic measurements repeated on the regular station grid covering 10-15 repeated sections (since 2000), some sections since 1996 (CTD, VM-ADCP, LADCP)
- Optical, chemical, and biological measuremets and water sampling on selected stations, continuous underway chemical and atmospheric measurements
- Complementary high resolution CTD sections with towed scanning CTD proble (scanfish) in the upper layer of \sim 300 m
- Extensive long-term measurement and sampling program in Svalbard fjords (Hornsund and Kongsfiord), mainly physical and biological observations, recently also more biogeochemical measurements
- 2-3 profiling Argo floats deployed each year since 2009 oraz occasionally glider deployments for collaborating partners





First trip (4 – 24 June)

Second trip (20 August – 20 September)

15 crew

17 students

at Svalbard 28 August - 12 September

18 members from expedition

at Svalbard 12 -16 June

27 members from expeditions

15 crew

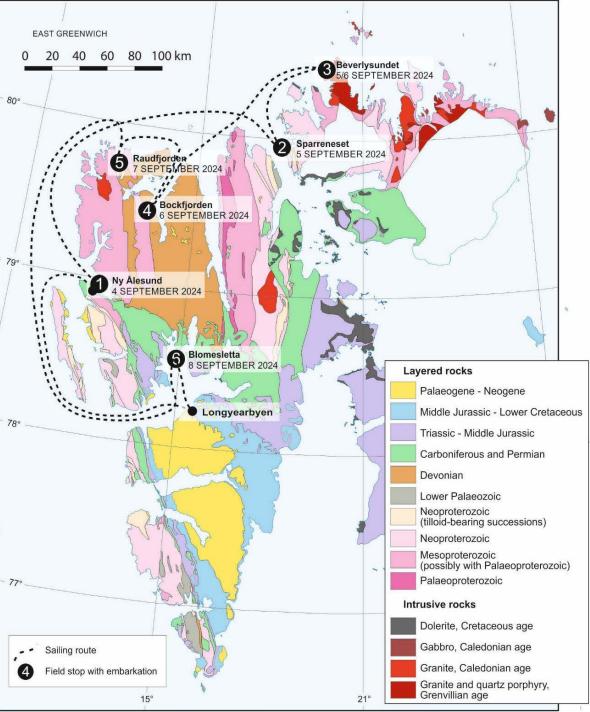
20 students

Geological Workshop at Svalbard vessel HORYZONT II 3–9 September 2024

22 participants from Poland, Norway, Denmark, Germany, Sweden, UK and Australia

SVALGEOBASE II: Tectono-thermal Evolution of Svalbard – from Metamorphic and Magmatic Processes to Geothermal Energy





SCIENTIFIC EXPEDITION IN THE EDGEØYA AND BARENTSØYA REGION (AND AROUND SPITSBERGEN)

SVALBARD



S/Y Ocean A 18 August – 2 September 2024

10 participants from Poland, Norway, Finland and Australia

Leader: Prof. Krzysztof Michalski

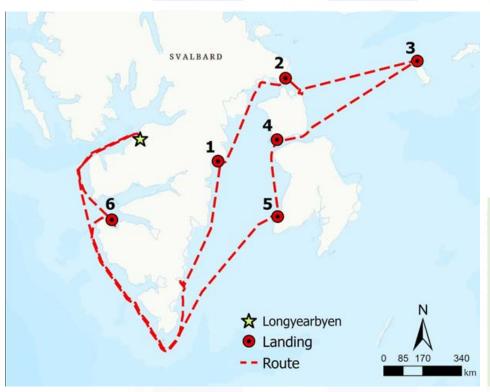
The expedition was funded by the EEA and Norwegian Funds 2014-2021; project: HarSval: Bilateral Initiative aiming at Harmonisation of the Svalbard Cooperation

SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH CRUISE EASTERN SVALBARD - Joint pilot studies concerning impact of Arctic climate change on marine and coastal environment

S/Y Ocean B 11 – 24 August 2024

8 participants from Poland and Norway

Leader: Prof. Mateusz Strzelecki



The overarching aim of the cruise aimed to investigate the impact of coastal hazards on the stability of coastal systems as well as coastal pollution along new coastal zones emerging from melting ice along the eastern coast of Svalbard

Cruise was a contribution to "Project: HarSval Bilateral initiative aiming at Harmonisation of the Svalbard cooperation. The activities were funded from the means of the EEA and Norway Grants 2014-2021."

- Key achievements:
- Plastic pollution and water chemistry of coastal ponds along shores of Eastern Svalbard
- Postglacial relative sea-level change on Eastern Svalbard
- Coastal hazards impact on Cultural heritage Kapp Pettersen case study



University of Gdansk

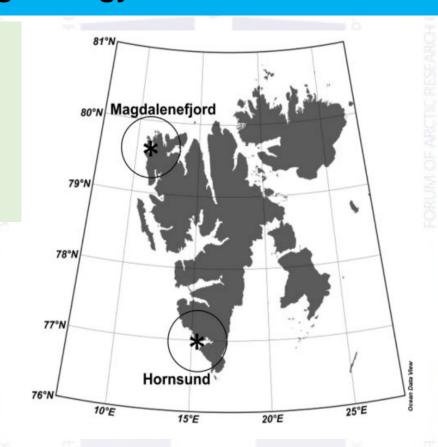
LAPSE - Little Auk foraging ecology in the context of Size and Energy of their Preys

The field group in Magadalenefjorden

(3 pers from Poland, 1 from Ukraine, 1 from Germany)

Leader: Prof. Dariusz Jakubas

Field activity: mid June - mid August 2024







The field group in Hornsund

(1 pers from Belgium, 1 from France, 2 from USA, 1 from Poland),

Leader: Prof. Katarzyna Wojczulanis-Jakubas

